Modification Notice - Regulation 22

Interest Holder	Imperial Oil and Gas Pty Ltd	EMP Title	Program EP187	EMPID	IMP1-3	Mod No.	Date	19/12/2023
			2020-21 Drilling Program NT EP 1		IMP2-6.1			
			2021 Carpentaria Work Program E 187		IMP3-4			
			2021-2025 EP18 Work Program	37	IMP4-3			
Brief Description				all EP 187 activities and is simple to find			nent. One Emergency Res ency.	sponse plan (rather
Geospatial Files Included?	This Emergency Response Plan (ERP) describes processes to be followed by Imperial Oil & Gas Pty Ltd (Imperial) in the event of an emergency during oil and gas exploration, appraisal, and production activities in Exploration Permit 187 (EP 187).							
Does the proposed change result in a new, or increased, potential or actual environmental impact or risk?	If an INCREASE in an existing potential or actual environmental impact or risk is it provided for in the approved EMP?	Does the proposed change require additional mitigation measures to be included?	Has additional stakeholder engagement been conducted?	Does it require additional environmental performance standards and measurement criteria?	Does it affe compliance Sacred Site Certificates	with Authority	Does it affect current rehabilitation, weed, fire, wastewater, erosion and sediment control, spill or emergency response plans?	Will the environmental outcome continue to be achieved and will the impacts and risks be managed to ALARP and acceptable?
No.	-	No.	No.	No.	N	D.	Yes. All EP 187 Emergency Response Plans	Yes.





Imperial Oil & Gas Pty Ltd EP 187

Emergency Response Plan

Version	Description	Date	Authors(s)	Reviewer(s)	Approved
1	Updated	20/12/2022	Vicky Cartwright Charles Dack Jon Bennet	Jon Bennet	Charles Dack
2	Revised	22/11/2023	Dan Gallagher Rachel Leembruggen Trent Smith	Nick Fraser Jake Townsend Jed Farley	Kelvin Wuttke
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Abbreviations and Units

Abbreviations and units used in this Emergency Response Plan are listed in the table below.

Acronym/ Abbreviation	Description
DRSABCD	Danger, Response, Send, Airway, Breathing, CPR, Defibrillation
EP	Exploration Permit
ERN	Emergency Response Numbers
ERP	Emergency Response Plan
ERR	Emergency Response Room
ERT	Emergency Response Team
ERT-L	Emergency Response Team Leader
ETA	Estimated Time of Arrival
JC	Journey Coordinator
JM	Journey Management
IC	Incident Controller
NRC	National Response Centre
NTFRS	NT Fire and Rescue services
PPE	Personal Protective Equipment
SITREP	Situation Reports



1 Introduction

This Emergency Response Plan (ERP) describes processes to be followed by Imperial Oil & Gas Pty Ltd (Imperial) in the event of an emergency during oil and gas exploration, appraisal, and production activities in Exploration Permit 187 (EP 187).

The ERP is designed to guide the Imperial Emergency Response Team to respond effectively and promptly to site-level emergencies and return the site to normal operations.

This ERP will be used in conjunction with relevant:

- Spill Management Plan/s.
- Bushfire Management Plan/s.
- Contractor Emergency Response Plan/s
- Well control procedure/s

1.1 Scope

This plan applies to all employees, contractors, and visitors conducting activity under Imperialapproved EMPs IMP 1-3, 2-6, 3-4 and 4-3, and future EMPs for exploration, appraisal, or operations within EP 187.

Activities that have, or may occur within EP187 include (but are not limited to):

Activity	Personnel On-site (Expected)
Seismic	~30
Drilling	~40
Hydraulic fracturing	~25
Extended Production Testing	~2-5
Civils construction	~10
Maintenance	~4
Appraisal and/or Production	~40
Field studies, surveys	~2
Monitoring	~1-2
Transport of chemicals and wastewater	~2-5
Decommissioning and rehabilitation	~15-30

Table 1.1—1 Activities Occurring Within EP187



1.2 Location

EP187 is within the Barkly region of the Northern Territory, approximately 200km east of Daly Waters along the Carpentaria Hwy and 150 km southwest of Borroloola in the Beetaloo Basin. Imperial has been conducting petroleum exploration in EP 187 since 2019, including seismic, drilling, and hydraulic fracturing under the approved EMPs IMP 1-3, 2-6, 3-4 and 4-3.

There are currently 3 well pads, 4 wells and 4 gravel pits connected by access tracks; and seismic lines that are undergoing rehabilitation.

The respective latitudes and longitudes of the 3 well pads are as follows:



The location of the area that this ERP applies to is shown in Figure 1.1–1.

This area is outside of the NTFRS Emergency Response area; therefore, self-funded emergency response measures are required for operations within EP 187.



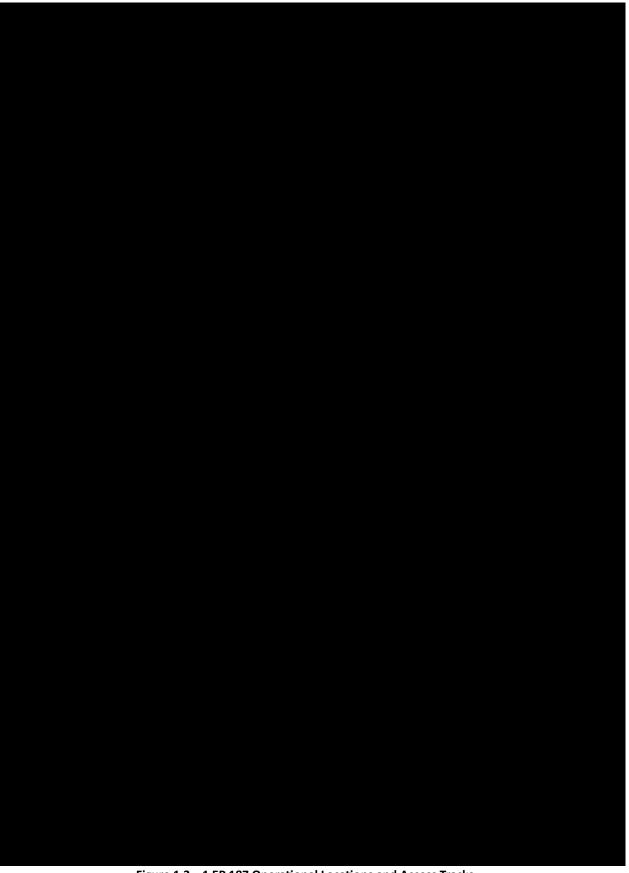


Figure 1.2—1 EP 187 Operational Locations and Access Tracks



1.3 Activation Triggers

Anyone participating in an activity overseen by Imperial has the authority to initiate the Emergency Response Plan.

The activation process includes elevating the incident to the Site Supervisor, who will then forward it to the Project Manager responsible for the specific activity. The designated Project Manager will serve as the Emergency Response Team Leader or delegate the role to an appropriate team member. If necessary, the Emergency Response Team Leader may appoint an Incident Controller. Together, these individuals form the Emergency Response Team.

Activation triggers include, but are not limited to the following:

- Serious injury/loss of life or emotional harm.
- Serious impact on the biological, physical environment or ecosystem functions.
- Significant damage or threat to property/assets.
- Impact on community, cultural heritage sites, or both.
- Serious regulatory breach.
- Loss or extended disruption to critical services and ability to continue operations.

The process of communication is outlined below in Figure 1.3–1.



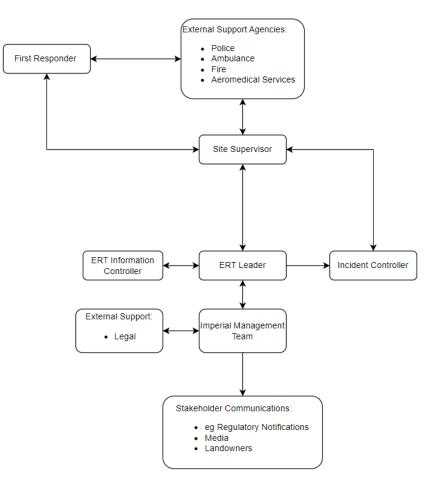


Figure 1.3—1 Communication Flow



2 Emergency Response Team (ERT)

Upon the identification of an emergency event, the Emergency Response Team (ERT) is to be set up.

The ERT consists of:

- 1. Emergency Response Team Leader
- 2. Incident Controller and/or Site Supervisor
- 3. Emergency Response Team Information Coordinator
- 4. Imperial Management Team delegate

The ERT is responsible for the overall response and local management of emergencies associated with EP 187.

The Emergency Response Team Leader (ERT-L) will identify and nominate individuals for the response team roles (See **Section 3.4**).

The ERT-L is responsible for ensuring adequate personnel and resources are available to support, manage and close out any site emergency and communicate with stakeholders (Imperial management team and contractors).

Depending on the nature of the emergency, the ERT may assemble in a designated Emergency Response Room (ERR).

2.1 Gathering Information

Upon being made aware of an emergency, the ERT-L will:

- Coordinate the collection of documentation and information to aid in emergency management.
- Communicate with relevant stakeholder/s subject to the scale of the emergency.
- Notify the regulator (if deemed required as per requirements outlined in **Appendix 1**):



Table 2.1—1: Incident Data Collection

Element	Information Examples	
Initial Contact	Name of the caller and receiver.	
	• Personnel involved in the incident.	
Incident Location	Coordinates or landmarks.	
	Clear directions on how to get to the incident site.	
Incident Type and	• Injury.	
Description	• Explosion.	
	Vehicle accident.	
	• Fire.	
	Well incident related.	
	Missing personnel.	
	Loss of Containment (Name of chemical)	
	Dangerous Incident (serious near miss).	
Description of the Incident	• Time incident occurred and dates and time when personnel first became aware of the incident.	
	Cause of incident if known and potential consequences.	
	Immediate actions taken	
Incident Size or Injury	• Area.	
Severity	• Height.	
	Volume.	
	Description of injury.	
	Number of people involved.	
	Preliminary assessment of medical assistance required.	
	Location of incident to any sensitive receptors	
Current Status	• Has the incident or potential of the incident to cause more damage or injury stopped?	
	Level of emergency response required.	
	• First Aid applied to date and level of controls in place.	
	• Have emergency services been contacted? (who, when, etc.)	
	• Environmental situation (wind, rain, etc.) with relevant forecasts	
Historical Background	• Events leading up to the incident occurring, inclusive of dates and times.	
	 Relevant background information if it contributes to the understanding of the incident. 	
Environmental Risk	Consideration of the environmental impacts.	
	1	



Element	Information Examples		
	 Whether the residual risk for the relevant environmental impact remains appropriate. 		
Corrective Actions	Corrective actions undertaken to date.		
	 Where the incident response included removal of waste materials: the disposal method and or/storage location. 		
	• Future proposed actions to prevent reoccurrence of a similar incident.		



3 Emergency Response Team - Actions

Personnel involved in an emergency may include a First Responder, Site Supervisor, Incident Controller (as necessary), Emergency Response Team Leader (ERT-L), Emergency Response Team Information Controller and any additional personnel onsite. In the event of an emergency, the below tables are to guide actions to be taken.

Refer to Table 4.1—1 (Response Scenarios) for guidance on specific emergency scenarios.

3.1 First Responder

Table 3.1—1 First I	Responder Emergency	Actions
10010 011 111001	neoponiaci Enici Benej	/

	ACTION			
	Emergency Role Profile			
	• Call the Site Supervisor, raise the alarm, contact emergency services if required.			
	Ensure own safety, isolate others and contain incident.			
	Assist with initial response			
ons	Gather information and hand over to ERT members			
Acti	Pre-emergency			
Initial Actions	 Maintain familiarisation with Imperial site ERP and/or relevant Contractor ERP's and respective emergency notification requirements 			
	 Be familiar with site Emergency Muster Point and evacuation procedures 			
	 Always be alert for and report hazardous situations that could escalate into an emergency – immediately report any actual or potential emergencies 			
	Emergency Actions			
First Hour Actions	• On arrival at an emergency, immediately report to the Site Supervisor or Incident Controller (if assigned), the location, type of emergency and need for assistance, and intentions to assist. Give an indication of your next contact time.			
irst Hour	 Check the area and assess any personnel for injuries, provide first aid to injured persons in accordance with training and ability. 			
	Evacuate to the muster point if directed	_		
	 Move injured personnel only if they are in immediate and/or further danger, in-order to avoid any additional injuries/risk to persons 			



	ACTION	
	 Note the impacts of the emergency and any potential requirements for evacuations 	
	 Notify the Site Supervisor or Incident Controller of support required (i.e., ambulance, firefighting etc.); provide an overview of what has happened and do so in as calm a manner as possible – this initial report/information will assist in requested support being coordinated and provided 	
	 If safe to do so and appropriately trained, initiate emergency shutdown procedures of nearby plant and equipment in keeping with site Standing Operating Procedures. 	
	• Dispatch names of all personnel, including those injured or unaccounted for, to the ERT Leader or Incident Controller	
	Brief the ERT Leader or Incident Controller on arrival and assist as directed	
ß S	Post Emergency Actions	
Ongoing Actions	Attend debrief session	
ō∢	Assist in incident investigation	

3.2 Site Supervisor

	ACTION
	Emergency Role Profile
Role	 Liaises with the First Responder, Emergency Services, Incident Controller and ERT- L
Ro	• Maintains the responsibility for the safety of personnel and the integrity of plant and equipment.
	• Is supported by the Emergency Response Team.
nitial Actions	Pre-Emergency
	 Maintain familiarisation with Imperial site ERP and Contractor ERP's, key emergency contacts and respective notification and callout requirements.
Initia	• Be an active member in the development of this plan.
First Hou r Acti	Emergency Actions



• Assume the role of site Incident Controller in the event the incumbent is unavailable or incapacitated.	
• Define communication protocol and implement. Monitor and ensure adherence for the duration of the event.	
• Ensure communication flow with the First Responder, External Support Agencies, Incident Controller, Site Contractors, and ERT-L	
• Direct and coordinate actions of contractor personnel in their required emergency duties	
Initiate immediate action to mitigate the effect of an emergency	
 Prepare a log of incident events and actions taken when time allows and submit to Emergency Response Team Information Controller 	
Post Emergency Actions	
Attend debrief session	
Assist in incident investigation	
	 unavailable or incapacitated. Define communication protocol and implement. Monitor and ensure adherence for the duration of the event. Ensure communication flow with the First Responder, External Support Agencies, Incident Controller, Site Contractors, and ERT-L Direct and coordinate actions of contractor personnel in their required emergency duties Initiate immediate action to mitigate the effect of an emergency Prepare a log of incident events and actions taken when time allows and submit to Emergency Response Team Information Controller Post Emergency Actions Attend debrief session

3.3 Incident Controller

Table 3.3—1 Incident Controller

	ACTION	
	Emergency Role Profile	
Role	• Reports to the ERT-L.	
Ř	• Has responsibility for ensuring Imperial on-site procedures and policies are carried out by any contractor.	
	Pre-Emergency	
Initial Actions	 Maintain familiarisation with Imperial site ERP and Contractor ERP's, key emergency contacts and respective notification and callout requirements. 	
	• Be an active member in the development and final review of this plan.	
suo	Emergency Actions	
First Hour Actions	• Liaise with Site Supervisor and coordinate safety measures to be adopted during emergency situations.	
First Ho	 Assume the role of Site Supervisor in the event the incumbent is unavailable or incapacitated. 	



	AC	TION	
	•	Advise Site Supervisor, Third Party Contractor Personnel and ERT-L of emergency activities	
	•	Monitor the safe suspension of operations and associated activities	
	•	Ensure ERT-L is notified as soon as possible in the event of an alert or emergency event	
	•	Submit Situation Reports (SITREPS) or other relevant reports to the ERT-L as required	
	•	Recommend restricted airspace around incident scene if appropriate, via ERT	
	•	On behalf of ERT-L, direct Imperial personnel and 3rd Party Contractors at incident scene in the performance of their specific emergency response activities	
	•	Maintain log of incident events, actions, messages, and decisions; provide to ERT Information Coordinator.	
	Po	st Emergency Actions	
	•	Contribute to debrief of key personnel involved in any emergency response	
Ongoing Actions	•	Consider a debrief of key external response agency personnel involved, via tele-conference if necessary.	
Ongoir	•	Assist in the development of a post emergency action and responsibility plan	
	•	Ensure key respondents provide incident reports/logs at the conclusion of any incident/emergency and provide to the ERT Leader	



3.4 ERT Leader

Table 3.4—1 ERT Leader Actions

	ACTION	
Role Initial Actions	Emergency Role Profile	
	Responsible for overall management of onsite emergencies	
	• Establish control of and oversees the tactical response to an emergency and ensures all appropriate support is provided to the Incident Controller (if deployed).	
Ξ	• Lead the ERT in the tactical development/implementation of strategies that provide a safe, efficient and cost-effective response to an onsite emergency situation.	
suo	Pre-Emergency	
Initial Actions	• Maintain familiarisation with Imperial and Contractor ERP's, key emergency contacts and respective notification and callout requirements.	
Ē	• Be an active member in the development and review of this plan.	
	Emergency Actions	
	 <u>Alert</u> emergency contact(s), <u>Confirm</u> details, <u>Activate</u> resources (as required) 	
	Initial Activation:	
	Initiate ERT callout, ensure all roles are appointed	
	• Ensure ERT is activated as appropriate and that an Emergence Response Room is designated if required.	
Actions	 Hold situation briefing with all ERT personnel at earliest opportunity; maintain regular briefings throughout response 	
	Assess extent of emergency/classification; initiate appropriate response	
First Hour	Incident Site:	
First	Ensure lines of communication are clear an open	
	• Liaise with nearest mutual aid provider if incident site communications fail	
	• Complete SITREP from Incident Controller with as much detail as possible	
	 Create initial response strategy with Incident Controller and relevant Contractor 	
	• Ensure weather is assessed regularly if incident response can be impacted by weather	
	 Oversee activities between incident site and support requested by Incident Controller 	



	ACTION	
	Allocate resources for mobilisation as support requested by Incident Controller	
	Notifications to Imperial Management Team:	
	• Ensure early notification and SITREP's are sent to Imperial as required	
	• With ERT Information Controller, provide information to Imperial for stakeholder communications and regulatory reporting.	
	Post Emergency Actions	
ctions	 Contribute to debrief of key personnel involved in any emergency response 	
Ongoing Actions	• Consider a debrief of key external response agency personnel involved, via tele-conference if necessary	
ō	 Assist in the development of a post emergency action and responsibility plan 	



3.5 ERT Information Coordinator

Table 3.5—1 ERT Information Controller Actions

	ACTION	
	Emergency Role Profile	
U	Reports to the ERT Leader	
Role	 Ensures a chronological summary of key events is maintained and coordinate the display of information on the Emergency Response Room (RR) incident board(s) 	S
ions	Pre-Emergency	
Initial Actions	• Maintain familiarisation with Imperial and Contractor ERP's, key emergency contacts and respective notification/callout requirements	
	Emergency Actions	
	Initial Activation:	
s	Confirm callout and estimated time of arrival if after hours	
Action	Proceed to nominated site Emergency Response Room (if necessary)	
First Hour Actions	 Set up ERR and ensure all likely operational, communication, administration requirements are available 	
Firs	 Locate copies of any related site Emergency Response Plans and/or Procedures 	
	 Arrange additional support staff for ERT communications/administrative activities as required 	
	Ongoing Activities:	
	Liaise with ERT Leader for incident briefing and likely requirements	
	 Maintain chronological summary of key events; coordinate display of information on ERR Incident Board(s) 	
tions	• Filter incident events information to ERT Leader	
ng Ac	Review Situation Reports (SITREP's) for update information	
Ongoing Actions	Track regulatory authority notifications and ensure information is logged	
0	Ensure catering requirements are considered	
	Prepare supporting information for media releases at Imperials request	
	 Update weather alerts and ensure weather reports are regularly provided to the ERT 	



ACTION	
• Update ERT Members of the incident status as they arrive in the ERR	
• Do not talk to the Media at any time	
Collect log sheets and records from ERT members and compile	
 Maintain personal log of incident events, actions, messages and decisions; provide to ERT Leader at the conclusion of any incident 	
Post-Emergency	
Contribute to incident debrief (phone conference if necessary)	
Review incident response events; provide recommendations for improvements or updates	



3.6 All Personnel

Table 3.6—1 All Personnel Actions

	Action	
	Pre-Emergency	
S	• Maintain familiarisation with Imperial site ERP and/or relevant Contractor ERP's and respective emergency notification requirements	
Initial Actions	 Be familiar with the site Emergency Muster Points and evacuation procedures 	
Initial	 Participate in site evacuation drills/emergency response training as directed 	
	• Always be alert for and report hazardous situations that could escalate into an emergency situation – immediately report any actual or potential emergencies	
	Emergency Actions	
S	• Be alert for hazardous situations which may escalate to an emergency	
First Hour Actions	• Report any emergency situation immediately to the nominated Site Supervisor / ERT Leader or designated Incident Controller and keep informed of all operations and of any hazards which may affect the safety of onsite responding personnel.	
First	Avoid placing themselves or others in danger	
	MUST NOT communicate with the Media under any circumstances	
	Post Emergency Actions	
Ongoing Actions	Participate in debrief sessions as required	
Onç Act	• Assist in the development of a post emergency action and responsibility plan as necessary	



4 Response Scenario Guidelines

4.1 Overview

When responding to an emergency, always assess the risk and controls to keep people and the environment safe.

 Table 4.1—1 describes some emergency response scenarios and recommended actions.

Category	Response	
Basic Emergency	Remove yourself and others from danger.	
Response	Raise the alarm – notify the Site Supervisor through the available channels of communication (e.g., radio):	
	Report location.	
	type and extent of the incident.	
	Stop all work and makes sure the area is safe.	
	Activate emergency shutdown devices/isolate equipment as necessary if safe to do so.	
	Provide First Aid to any injured persons (DRSABCD).	
	Account for people.	
	Escalate incident to Site Supervisor.	
	Contact emergency services if required.	
	Follow the directions of emergency services or response personnel and assist as required if you feel safe and capable to do so.	
	Follow the Emergency Response Plan and gather information	
	Emergency Response Team Leader to notify appropriate stakeholders (Imperial contacts and contractors).	
	Determine the recovery strategy and resources required:	
	Check for equipment integrity.	
	Ensure all protection systems are restored.	
	Replenish, replace, or return emergency equipment.	
Fire (Site office	If you see SMOKE, FLAMES or hear a FIRE ALARM, alert others in your vicinity immediately.	
evacuation)	Remove anyone in danger if safe to do so.	
	Activate the alarm.	

Table 4.1—1 Response Scenarios



Category	Response	
	 If you can see a fire, attempt to extinguish it if safe to do so. If the fire is small enough, use a nearby fire extinguisher to control and extinguish the fire. Do not fight the fire if the following conditions exist: You have not been trained or instructed in using a fire extinguisher. You don't know what's burning. The fire is spreading rapidly and might block your means of escape. You don't have the proper equipment. You might inhale toxic smoke. 	
	 Your instincts tell you not to do so. If the first attempts to put out the fire fail, evacuate the building immediately. 	
	Close any doors if safe to do so.	
	Call 000 and contact the Fire Brigade.	
	Ensure all personnel leave the building.	
	All persons leaving the building or site and head to the Emergency Muster Point.	
	Do not leave the Emergency Muster Point at any time without advising and gaining the approval of the Site Supervisor or Emergency Response Team Leader.	
	Do not return to the building or site until advised by the Emergency Response Team Leader.	
Injury	Initiate first aid - DRSABCD	
(Medical	Escalate incident to Site Supervisor	
Emergency)	If injuries require more than First Aid but are not critical or life- threatening, and the person can be transferred by vehicle, take the injured person/s to the closest medical facility.	
	If injuries are critical or life-threatening, call 000 and then the McArthur Mine ERT Coordinator.	
	Continue First Aid until assistance arrives.	
Injury (Lone	Lone Worker to initiate self-first aid, if possible	
Worker)	If injuries require more than First Aid but are not critical or life- threatening, contact the National Response Centre, or Site Supervisor and request transport to nearest medical facility. Contact to be made with local emergency contacts for assistance with transport.	



Category	Response	
	If injuries are critical or life-threatening, use emergency beacon and/or call 000.	
	Lone Worker to continue self-first aid until assistance arrives.	
Criminal Activity	Always avoid physical confrontation.	
(Civil Disturbance)	Contact the Site Supervisor, and police if necessary.	
	Move to the Emergency Muster Point or safe location.	
Snakebite	Life-threatening effects from snakebite aren't usually seen for a few hours but can appear in minutes - what to look for:	
	Fang marks.	
	Headache, difficulty breathing.	
	Nausea and vomiting.	
	Stomach pain.Swollen glands in the armpits & groin.	
	 Weakness, collapse. 	
	Check the immediate area for danger to yourself or the injured person.	
	Calm the person and keep them still.	
	Contact Site Supervisor and emergency services as required.	
	If a person is unconscious, check breathing & pulse and apply CPR.	
	Do not wash or suck the bite or use a tourniquet.	
	If bitten on a limb, apply a pressure bandage or cloth approximately 10-15cm wide upwards from the fingers or toes, firm but not too tight.	
	Keep the limb still by using a splint.	
	If able to do so, mark the area of the bandage where you think the bite occurred – this will assist medical staff.	
	Leave the splint or bandage on until reaching the hospital.	
	Follow guidance from the Emergency Response Team Leader.	
Vehicle Accident	Raise the alarm (report location, type, and extent of incident).	
	Request assistance of Emergency Services or Local Emergency Contacts as required	
	Switch off the vehicle ignition.	
	Assess vehicle and site damage; take relevant actions to secure the accident scene.	



Category	Response	
	If the vehicle is in contact with power lines, stay clear and advise occupants to stay in the vehicle.	
	Do not try to remove casualties from the vehicle until sure other dangers are not present.	
	When possible, remove trapped/injured personnel, provide medical aid (as qualified).	
Bushfire	Assess if evacuation is required and evacuate if necessary	
	Contact Site Supervisor.	
	Obtain information about the fire, such as location and size of the fire.	
	Account for all personnel.	
	Consider escape routes and alternate routes.	
	Initiate contact with emergency services as necessary.	
	If urgent, evacuate to Heartbreak Hotel or a safe location.	
	Consider task timings and pack up timings if safe to do so.	
	Consider checking of fire breaks if safe to do so.	
Environmental Incidents	Notify Site Supervisor and advise situation and request assistance if needed.	
(Hazardous Spill – Chemicals & Wastewater)	Consider Emergency Shut Down, – depending on location, proximity, or safety need.	
wastewater	Ensure all personnel are safe and clear of the area -stay clear of vapour, fumes, smoke, and spills.	
	All necessary action should be taken to minimise the size and any adverse effects of the release. Different PPE (face shields, goggles, heavy gloves, gumboots) may be required to perform the task safely.	
	If adequate resources are not available to contain the release and if it threatens public health, property or the environment, the state fire brigades should be contacted for emergency assistance by the Site Supervisor as soon as possible- phone 000 .	
	Always pay attention to fire and health hazards. Remove all sources of ignition to reduce the potential fire hazard.	
	Establish the source of spill/leak and determine the extent of pollution.	
	Stop further leakage (e.g., stop pumping or in case of pipeline leak give warnings to stop the flow), close valves, attempt to stop leaks, move the object on its side.	



Category	Response	
	Activate containment operations immediately to Isolate spill or leak area for at least 100 metres (330 feet) in all directions to prevent the spread of spilled product (if the situation requires- i.e., block drains, dam ditches, boom watercourses, close water intakes).	
	Divert or stop traffic (do not start vehicles if a low flash-point product has been split).	
	Clean Up:	
	Refer to SDS for instructions (if available).	
	Retrieve as much as possible with sorbents or vac truck.	
	Remove contaminated subsoil to reduce spread of potential contamination.	
	Points to Remember:	
	Always consider safety of yourself and other during a response	
	Activate containment operations immediately.	
	• Do not allow vehicles to run over any spill saturated areas.	
	• Do not flush the spill down clean drains on areas or other inlets.	
	• Do not use mechanical excavators on areas with free oil on the surface.	
	Contain & recover at the source.	
	Complete the spill register	
Missing / Overdue Personnel	After being notified of a missing or overdue person, Journey Management plan timeframes will be utilised to escalate the tracing and notification processes.	
	Obtain information on the time and location of the last sighting.	
	Attempt to establish communication with the missing person via GPS tracker, mobile phone and SMS contact and, if possible, UHF, VHF, satellite phone.	
	Advise Site Supervisor who will contact HSE Manager.	
	If possible, contact the destination point, e.g., hotel/motel/camp, to determine if the person has arrived.	
	If possible and safe to do so (i.e., weather conditions), despatch other nearby employees and local emergency contacts to look for the missing person.	
	After 2 hours without contact (as determined collaboratively by the Supervisor, HSE Manager and Emergency Response Team Leader), notify the police of the missing person.	



Category	Response	
Subsurface incident	Initiate Well Control Procedures if required.	
(Loss of Well Control)	Go to Emergency Muster Point and account for all personnel.	
	Contact Site Supervisor.	
	Contact emergency services if required.	
	Consider escape routes and alternate routes.	
Weather-Related	Account for all personnel.	
(Flood, Cyclone)	Contact Site Supervisor.	
	Contact emergency services if required.	
	Take shelter if possible.	
	Monitor weather alerts and radio stations.	
	Consider escape routes and alternate routes.	
	Consider task timings and pack up timings.	
	Never cross a flooded creek, road, or causeway – always assess the risk before crossing.	
Transport of Chemicals and	Ensure vehicles can safely navigate to and from areas of concern – provide alternate routes if possible.	
Wastewater (Spills / release, road haulage – during wet	Ensure all personnel are safe and clear of the area - stay clear of vapour, fumes, smoke, and spills. Use safety-related equipment as required to extract personnel if in immediate danger.	
and dry seasons)	Always pay attention to fire and health hazards. Extricate personnel and team to a safe distance and clear of potentially hazardous fumes (upwind).	
	Notify Site Supervisor, advise the situation and request assistance if needed.	
	All necessary action should be taken to minimise the size and any adverse effects of the release. Shut valves – internal/external if safe to do so.	
	Activate containment operations immediately to prevent the spill from reaching a surface watercourse or groundwater.	
	Refer to the HAZCHEM code, truck placarding, driver, or Safety Data Sheet for methods of control/management.	
	Remove all sources of ignition to reduce any potential of fire	
	If adequate resources are not available to contain the release and if it threatens public health, property or the environment, the state fire brigades should be contacted for emergency assistance - phone 000 .	



Category	Response	
	Divert or stop traffic (do not start vehicles if a low flash-point product has been split) if tanker truck or chemical spill is on fire.	
	Remove all sources of ignition to reduce any potential of fire.	
	<u>Clean Up</u> :	
	Refer to Safety Data Sheets for instructions (if available).	
	Retrieve as much as possible with sorbents or vac truck	
	Remove contaminated subsoil to reduce spread of potential contamination.	
	Points to Remember:	
	Always consider safety of yourself and other during a response	
	Activate containment operations immediately.	
	• Do not allow vehicles to run over any spill saturated areas.	
	• Do not flush the spill down clean drains on areas or other inlets.	
	• Do not use mechanical excavators on areas with free oil on the surface.	
	Contain & recover at the source.	
	Complete the spill register.	
Vehicle Extraction during Chemical and Wastewater Transportation	Initiate Medical Emergency Response if required.	
	First Responder:	
	• Notify the Site Supervisor and ask for assistance. Never attempt extraction without assistance.	
	Ensure rescue vehicles can safely reach the incident location. Stop traffic or divert away from the incident if required.	
	Complete a Job Hazard Analysis before attempting extraction. Take action to mitigate hazards identified.	
	Removal of chemicals or wastewater from the bogged vehicle may be necessary before vehicle extraction. Before chemical or wastewater transfer from a bogged vehicle confirm that:	
	Significant rainfall is not forecast	
	Tracks are accessible to the recovery vehicle	
	Appropriate spill kits are available on site	
	If Chemicals or wastewater have escaped from containment on the bogged vehicle:	
	Advise Site Supervisor immediately and escalate to Emergency Response Team Leader	



Category	Response	
	If safe, use vehicle placarding.	
	• Refer to the Safety Data Sheet for safety and environmental risks that must be managed.	
	• Ensure all personnel are safe from fumes, fire, smoke, and chemical hazards.	
	• Use safety equipment, if required, to extract personnel from the bogged vehicle.	
	• Be aware of the potential for fires. Keep ignition sources and personnel away if there is a risk of fire from flammable or combustible chemical spills.	
	If safe, activate chemical containment action:	
	 Consult the Safety Data Sheet and wear appropriate PPE. 	
	 If safe and possible, stop the spill at the source. Shut off valves. 	
	 If the spill is pooling, try to contain it with a spill kit, soil, or other bunds to prevent it from escaping to drainage lines and waterways. 	
	<u>Clean Up</u> :	
	Retrieve as much as possible with absorbents.	
	• Remove contaminated soil. Seal in labelled containers and transport by a licensed contractor to a licensed facility for disposal.	
	Points to Remember:	
	 Recordable/ Reportable incidents must be communicated to DEPWS in accordance with Petroleum (Environment) Regulations 2016. This will be done as per Error! Reference source not found. Communication Flow. 	
	• Extraction must be conducted safely and in a manner that prevents loss of contents.	
Protest	First Responder:	
(Intrusion on the site)	• Do not engage protesters, but if engaged, remain calm and professional.	
	Take notes, and record details, e.g., vehicles, registration plates, number of people, signs, or specific messages. Contact the Site Supervisor.	
	First Responder (If Supervisor is not contactable):	
	• Notify others in your work party. Carry on with business if safe to do so and continue monitoring activity.	



Category	Response	
	 If personnel safety is compromised, halt operations/activities until advised otherwise and re-locate to an area with reception and wait for instructions. Contact the police and notify them of the protest and location of the 	
	protest activity	
	Site Supervisor (or Incident Controller):	
	Advise the first responder of the next steps:	
	• Take notes and record details, e.g., vehicles, registration plates, number of people, signs, or specific messages.	
	 Or proceed to the site or a secondary location and wait for further instructions. 	
	 If the protest is non-violent, establish a safe location for protestors, erect a barrier if required and communicate safety requirements to protest leaders. 	
	• If the protest escalates to a threatening scenario, immediately escalate the response to secure the site and ensure the safety of all personnel.	
	Escalate protest as an incident to the Emergency Response Team Leader	
	Emergency Response Team Leader:	
	• Notify the site team and contractors coming to the site of the protest event and advise how to deal with protesters if encountered, i.e., do not engage; if engaged, remain calm and professional. Take notes and record details e.g., vehicles, registration plates, number of people, signs, or specific messages.	
	Notify Imperial Management.	
	 Designate an Emergency Response Team Information Controller to maintain a log of incident events, actions, messages, and decisions made. 	
	Imperial Management Team:	
	 Establish roles, assume operations/emergency support, and contact contractor representatives if required. 	
	• Notify relevant authorities, i.e., Police, Government, and Media.	



5 Emergency Response Communication

5.1 Internal Communication

Upon activation of this plan, the following internal communication protocol will be implemented, remaining in effect until normal operations resume. The ERT-L (or delegate) will determine the communication method adopted based on the event's severity and location. It is the overall responsibility of the ERT-L to implement and maintain effective communication between site personnel (internal) and external parties (Imperial Management, external stakeholders and regulatory authorities if required).



• Company satellite phones (2 available) - all locations, including for use with off-site transport incidents.

The ERT-L (or delegate) will ensure that the chosen communication method remains clear, unrestricted, and available throughout the emergency.

5.2 External Communication

To ensure accurate and timely communication with external parties during emergencies, a detailed protocol with defined authority levels has been established.

Communication Type	Authorised Personnel	Description
External Emergency Services Communication	Site supervisor and above	Provide external emergency support services with information on the incident.
Stakeholder Communication	ERT-L	Communicate or liaise with local landowners and/or regulators (if required by Imperial Management)
Regulatory Notification	Imperial Management	Complete notifications to relevant regulatory authorities.
Media Enquiries	Imperial Management	No on-site personnel are authorised to speak to the media. Direct all inquiries to Imperial Management.

Table 5.2—1 External Communication



This structured approach ensures a systematic and controlled flow of information and effective communication both internally and externally during emergency situations.

6 Emergency Response Equipment and Services

6.1 Overview

Table 6.1—1 presents the different emergency equipment available on-site at any one time to provide, where possible, the initial response required to avoid any incident from escalating.

Equipment	Location
First Aid	First Aid kits will be in the site office and in light and heavy vehicles.
Fire Equipment	Fire extinguishers will be located within all operating plant and site vehicles. Site offices will have fire extinguishers and fire blankets.
Defibrillator	A defibrillator unit will be located onsite during drilling and fracturing operations and when ambulance and paramedic are engaged.
Spill Kits	Spill Kits are stocked and available onsite to respond to spills on operational sites, and in vehicles transporting chemicals
Ambulance	An ambulance will be located at the site for all drilling or fracturing (rig) operations scheduled to last more than 30 days. The ambulance will be on-site from the date rig operations commence until rig release for use by a paramedic.
Paramedic	A trained individual available to provide primary response in case of a medical emergency. Located onsite when the ambulance is engaged.
CareFlight	Available on-call:
	• 1 hour drive to Tanumbirini Airstrip (approx. 68 km drive).
	• 3-hour drive to Daly Waters Aerodrome (approx. 208 km drive) – 24 hr use.

Table 6.1—1: Emergency Response Equipment

EP 187 is outside of the NTFRS emergency response area. Therefore, self-funded emergency response measures are to be assessed based on risk (including response to road crash/response).

Rigs are the most likely place of injury/incidents, the most likely location of the higher severity incidents, and a higher concentration of personnel for longer periods than other operations. Therefore, the rig will require an ambulance for any drilling expected to last more than 30 days. However, well pads, campsites and other construction and operational areas are included in the HSE regime and planning.

All campsites and well sites with personnel carrying out project activities will maintain



communications with each other and with the ambulance (if applicable). The ambulance (if applicable) will attend any emergencies at campsites or well sites.

6.2 Emergency Response Services (Road & Air)

Note: the NTFRS can be contacted for advice on current capabilities in preparation for adequate contingency measures.

External support can be sourced to support during an emergency. This support can be either obtained by road (e.g., Ambulance) or air (e.g., Aero Medical Services).

6.2.1 Road

- Ambulance services can be dispatched from:
 - o On-site during a Drilling or Fracturing activity being conducted by Imperial.
 - Borroloola Health Centre and be on-site in approximately 2.5 hours.
- Paramedic services can be dispatched from:
 - On-site during a Drilling or Fracturing activity being conducted by Imperial.
 - o McArthur River Mine
 - Tamboran medical resources can be mobilised and on-site in approximately 3.5 hours.
- Local Emergency Contacts have been established in the event of an incident.
 - These contacts are listed in Section 8.
- During drilling or fracturing activity, the on-site ambulance will be used for emergency transport to the nearest and fit-for-purpose clinic/hospital (e.g., McArthur (~1.5 hours driving), ~ Borroloola (~2.5 hours driving), Katherine Hospital (~ 5.5 hours driving).

6.2.2 Aero Medical Services

- Aero Medical Services such as CareFlight will be contacted when the severity of the incident/injury cannot be mitigated or responded to by road assistance.
- Landing of aircraft can be conducted at Tanumbirini Airstrip or alternates such as McArthur River Mine, as selected by Aero Medical Services.
- Ensure constant communication is held with aircraft personnel and the Site Supervisor or Incident Controller.
- Do not approach the aircraft until the pilot has given you the approval to do so.
- Remove any loose clothing (e.g., hats) when approaching aircraft.



• Aero Medical Services may also choose to task a helicopter, as they have availability and deem appropriate. The helicopter landing site would be agreed upon subject to incident location in discussion with the paramedic and the Incident Controller.



7 Recovery Actions

7.1 Overview

Table 7.1—1 provides post-emergency actions required to be followed to return to pre-incident state operations.

Action	Description
Review	 Discuss strengths and weaknesses. Necessary improvements for this plan and related procedures. Identify actions to be undertaken.
Investigate	 Secure incident site and do not disturb area until the investigation has been completed. Collect any evidence that may assist in the investigation (e.g., testimonies, records of actions taken, photographs, etc.).
Recover	 Verify infrastructure integrity as well as security equipment restoration. Replenish, replace, or return emergency equipment. Ensure personnel impacted by the incident receive the required counselling or information to continue with safe operations. Revised ERP and implement changes or training as required.
Clean-Up	 Assess for potential decontamination needs. Repair or replace damaged equipment and test for safe functionality. Attend to commissioning and site reinstatement.

7.2 Emergency Conclusion

After the emergency has ended, several key issues must be considered when standing down personnel. These issues relate to ongoing emergency control, investigation processes and recovery actions, including appropriate resources for key responsibilities. Final information releases must be considered for affected parties and key stakeholder groups, including:

- External Contractors and Services.
- Government Authorities.
- Shareholders.
- Media.
- Employees/employee relatives.

An emergency would be over when:



- Where involved, the Emergency Services have formerly declared the emergency is over and returned control of the affected site.
- The Emergency Team declares the emergency has been terminated and the site facilities have been returned to a safe condition.
- All people have been accounted for.
- Injured persons have been stabilised and/or evacuated.
- Effective environmental controls are in place.

7.3 Debriefing

A debriefing is to be conducted by the ERT-L (or external provider where appropriate) to discuss problems and necessary improvements for incorporation into the emergency preparedness and procedures. This discussion should include:

- Recognition of success and what was accomplished exceedingly well.
- Equipment or procedure deficiencies.
- Unsafe practices/near-miss incidents.
- The cause of any injuries sustained.
- Unforeseen problems and relevant resolution steps.
- Communication/supervision problems.
- Environmental considerations.
- External problems, i.e., media, landowners, local authority, producers, or customers.

The minutes from the debrief meeting, when available, will be sent to all attendees.

7.4 Training

The Emergency Response Team will be trained against this plan. Training will be provided in the form of:

- Emergency Response exercises or drills
- Toolbox talks.

7.5 Review and Update

The ERP is to be reviewed and updated as necessary in response to one or more of the following:

• Annually.



- When major changes have occurred, which may affect the Emergency Response coordination or capabilities.
- Following routine testing of the plan, or after an emergency.
- Before installing and commissioning new plant and equipment.
- A change of Emergency Contact information.



8 Emergency Contact Details

Note: Contact numbers, and the Emergency Response Numbers Display sheets will change based on the activity being undertaken and should be checked and updated frequently.

See Appendix 02 of this Emergency Response Plan for the Site Emergency Numbers Display Sheets.

8.1 Imperial Oil and Gas A Pty Ltd

Table 8.1—1 Imperial Emergency Contac Details

Name	Position	Contact Number	
Empire Energy Group	Office	02 9251 1846	
Robin Polson	Chief Financial Officer		

8.2 inGauge Energy



Position	Name	Contact Number	E-mail
Principal Engineer			
HSE Manager			
On Site Representative #1			
On Site Representative #2			
Site Supervisor			
Company Sat Phone #1			



Position	Name	Contact Number	E-mail
Company Sat Phone #2	Assigned to on- site personnel		

8.3 Government and Stakeholders

Name	Location	Contact Number	Email
Department of Industry, Tourism and Trade (DITT)	Darwin	Ph: 08 8999 6567 - 08 8999 6350 A.H: 0439 744 119 - 0430 739 507 Emergency: 1300 935 250	petroleum.operations@nt.gov.au
Environment, Parks and Water Security (DEPWS)	Darwin	Ph: 08 8924 4534	onshoregas.depws@nt.gov.au
NT Work Safe	Darwin	1800 019 115	ntworksafe@nt.gov.au

Table 8.3—1 Government and Stakeholder Contact Details



8.4 Other

Contact available to the ERT. These may need to be prioritised based on the nature of the emergency.

Entity	Name	Location	Contact Number
	Royal Darwin Hospital	Darwin	(08) 8922 8888
Madical Convisoo	Katherine Hospital	Katherine	(08) 8973 9211
Medical Services	St Johns Katherine Ambulance	Katherine	(08) 8972 8500
	Borroloola Doctor	Borroloola	(08) 8975 8757
Aero Medical	CareFlight		(08) 8928 9777
Services		NT, WA & SA	24hr Emergency 1300 655 855
	Emergency		000
			24h Assistance 131444
Police			(08) 8973 8000
	Katherine Police	Katherine	(0830 – 1600 Mon-Fri only)
	Borroloola Police	Borroloola	(08) 8975 8770
Well control services	Boots and Coots	International	+1 281 931 8884
	NT Fire & Rescue AH	NT	(08) 8922 1555
Fire Services	Katherine Fire Station	Katherine	(08) 8973 8014
	Boorroloola Fire Services	Borroloola	0411 191 824
Service Station	Heartbreak Hotel	McArthur	(08) 8975 9928
Service Station	Hi-way Inn Petrol Station	Daly Waters	(08) 8975 9925
Local Emergency Contacts	-		

Table 8.4—1 Other Contact Information



Entity	Name	Location	Contact Number



Appendices

Appendix 1 Incident Notification Guideline

Regulation	Incident Description	Communication Method	c
Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011 and	Person conducting a business must notify the regulator as soon as they become aware of a death, serious injury or illness or dangerous incident that arises out of the business or undertaking's conduct.	Telephone	1800 01 NT Worl
Regulations 2011	A <u>dangerous incident</u> consists of:		
	(a) an uncontrolled escape, spillage or leakage of a substance; or		
	(b) an uncontrolled implosion, explosion or fire; or		
	(c) an uncontrolled escape of gas or steam; or		
	(d) an uncontrolled escape of a pressurised substance; or		
	(e) electric shock; or		
	(f) the fall or release from a height of any plant, substance or thing; or		
	(g) the collapse, overturning, failure or malfunction of, or damage to, any plant that is required to be authorised for use in accordance with the Regulations; or		
	(h) the collapse or partial collapse of a structure; or		
	(i) the collapse or failure of an excavation or of any shoring supporting an excavation; or		
	(j) the inrush of water, mud or gas in workings, in an underground excavation or tunnel; or		
	(k) the interruption of the main system of ventilation in an underground excavation or tunnel; or		
	(I) any other event prescribed by the Regulations;		
	A <u>serious injury or illness</u> means:		
	(a) immediate treatment as an inpatient in a hospital; or		
	(b) immediate treatment for:		
	(i) the amputation of any part of his or her body; or		
	(ii) a serious head injury; or		
	(iii) a serious eye injury; or		
	(iv) a serious burn; or		
	(v) the separation of his or her skin from an underlying tissue (such as degloving or scalping); or		
	(vi) a spinal injury; or		
	(vii) the loss of a bodily function; or		
	(viii) serious lacerations; or		
	(c) medical treatment within 48 hours of exposure to a substance;		
	and includes any other injury or illness prescribed by the Regulations		
	Where a person dies or suffers a serious injury:		1300 93

Contact Details	Timeframe
00 019 115 Worksafe vorksafe@nt.gov.au	Immediately after becoming aware.
00 935 250	



Regulation	Incident Description	Communication Method	Contact Details	Timeframe		
Schedule of Onshore Petroleum Exploration and Production Requirements 2021	 (a) a report shall forthwith be made to the Minister; and (b) a report in writing giving full particulars and all related circumstances shall be transmitted to the Minister as soon as practicable after the occurrence; and Schedule of onshore petroleum exploration and production requirements Department of Industry, Tourism and Trade 1 June 2021 Page 17 of 49 (c) the above reports shall be in addition to, and not take precedence over, reports required by NT WorkSafe. An incident involving serious damage (other than Environmental Harm) including loss, destruction or damage to property exceeding \$50k. An incident involving or could potentially involve the injury to a person or serious damage to property that is professionally considered to have been caused by an event that is not in the normal or ordinary course of an operation (Potentially Hazardous event). 	Telephone and in	Telephone and in writing		DITT petroleum.operations@nt.g ov.au	Immediately after becoming aware.
	An incident where damage to property occurs that is not serious damage to property, but which results in a significant loss of structural integrity or load-bearing capacity in the property damaged or resulted in some other significant unsafe condition. An incident that is considered to be an emergency.	Telephone	-	Immediately after (000).		
Petroleum (Environment) Regulations 2016 (PER)	Applicable to ON TENURE SPILLS (note Off tenure spills under Waste Management and Pollution Control Act 1998): Reportable Incident: An incident arising from a regulated activity that has caused or has the potential to cause material environmental harm or significant environmental harm. Material environmental harm means environmental harm that (Section 8 Environment Protection Act 2019): (a) is not trivial or negligible in nature; and (b) is less serious than significant environmental harm that (Section 9 Environmental Protection Act 2019): (a) is of major consequence having regard to: (i) the context and intensity of the harm; and (ii) the sensitivity, value and quality of the environment harmed and the duration, magnitude and geographic extent of the harm; or (b) would, or is likely to, cost more to remediate than the monetary amount prescribed by regulation.	Preference to in writing	DEPWS onshoregas.DEPWS@nt.gov. au	Reportable Incidents: As soon as practicable (not later than two hours after the incident). < 24 hours after oral notice (written notification). Three days after the incident (initial report).		
	Recordable Incident: An incident that has resulted in an environmental impact or environmental risk not specified in the current plant for the activity; or has resulted in the contravention of an environmental performance standard specified in the current plan for			90 days intervals from the date of the initial report (interim reports).		



Regulation	Incident Description	Communication Method	Contact Details	Timeframe
	the activity; or is inconsistent with an environmental outcome specified in the current plan for the activity; and it is not a reportable incident.			30 days after clean- up or rehabilitation (final)
				Recordable Incidents:
				Quarter 1: 1 January to 31 st March: Report due 15 th April Quarter 2: 1 April to 30 th June: Report due 15 th July Quarter 3: 1 July to 30 th September: Report due 15 th October Quarter 4: 1 October to 31 st December: Report due 15 th January
Code of Practice: Onshore Petroleum Activities in the Northern Territory 2019	It should be noted that the notification requirements of the Code apply in addition to the notification requirements of Part 3 of the PER. For example, a leak that does not require notification under this part may still constitute a contravention of an environmental performance standard and as such be required to be reported as a recordable incident under regulation 35. The interest holder must make the following notifications in respect to significant gas leaks: i. appropriate notifications must be given to Northern Territory Government departments in compliance with any legislative requirements: a. along with all other details required under relevant legislation, this notification must include the date of identification,	Not specified except for emergency situations, then by phone	1300 935 250 DITT	Within 24 hours
	nature and level of leak, operating plant site name, number, and location as well as initial steps taken to minimise the risk; and b.in the case of an emergency situation, a notification to the Department of Industry Tourism and Trades' emergency hotline number 1 300 935 250 must be made within 24 hours;			
	 ii. the landowner or occupier of the property on which these leaks are occurring must be notified if the leak cannot be repaired immediately. A significant leak is a leak originating from above ground facilities, gathering systems and subsurface pipelines that meets one of the following criteria: 			



Regulation	Incident Description	Communication Method	Contact Details	Timeframe
	(a) A leak due to an unplanned release from an above ground petroleum facility that, when measured at the surface of the component according to USEPA Method 21; gives a sustained Lower Explosive Limit (LEL) reading greater than 10% (5000 ppm by volume) of the LEL.			
	(b) A leak due to an unplanned release from a gathering system -subsurface pipeline that, at ground level; gives a sustained reading greater than 500 ppm (by volume) for a 15 second duration.			
	(c) A liquid petroleum (condensate/oil) loss of containment that exceeds 200 litres of hydrocarbons.			
	When it is safe to measure leaks, leaks that are classified as significant leaks during commissioning or bringing equipment back into service should be recorded and reported as per Section D.5.6.2.			
	It will be assumed that a leak is above the threshold level for reporting significant leaks if the leak is too large or not safe to measure. Such leaks should be recorded and reported as per Section D.5.6.2.			
Environmental Protection Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999	Incidents considered to have an impact on Matters of National Environmental Significance.	In writing	compliance@environment.g ov.au & DAWE	Within 5 business days of becoming aware.
Energy Pipelines Act 1981	A pipeline licensee must give notice of a reportable incident for a pipeline	Telephone and in	1300 935 250 or 08 8999	As soon as
and Energy Pipelines	Reportable incident means an incident that:	writing	6350	practicable
Regulations 2001	(a) results in significant damage to a pipeline (for example, by reducing the capacity of the pipeline to contain energy- producing hydro-carbons flowing through it);		DITT petroleum.operations@nt.g	
	(b) results in the death of a person;		ov.au	
	(c) results in serious injury to a person;			
	(d) is likely to have a result of a kind mentioned in paragraph (a), (b) or (c); or			
	(e) is of kind that a reasonable pipeline licensee would consider to require immediate investigation			
Waste Management and Pollution Control Act 1998	Duty to notify of incidents causing or threatening to cause pollution.	Telephone	NT EPA Pollution Hotline 24h: 1800 064 567	As soon as practicable after
	Applicable to off tenure-related spills (note ON tenure spills under Petroleum (Environment) Regulations):		pollution@nt.gov.au	and in any case within 24 hours) first
	1. Where:		& DEPWS	becoming aware of
	a. an incident occurs in the conduct of activity; and		onshoregas.DEPWS@nt.gov.	the incident or the
	b. the incident causes or is threatening or may threaten to cause, pollution resulting in material environmental harm or significant environmental harm, the person conducting the activity must notify the NT EPA in accordance with subsection (3) as soon as practicable after (and in any case within 24 hours after) first becoming aware of the incident or the time he or she ought reasonably to be expected to have become aware of the incident.		au	time they ought reasonably be expected to become aware of the incident.
	An incident that causes, or is threatening or may threaten to cause, pollution resulting in material environmental harm or serious environmental harm.			
	Serious environmental harm means environmental harm that is more serious than material environmental harm and includes environmental harm that:			
	(a) is irreversible or otherwise of a high impact or on a wide scale;			



Regulation	Incident Description	Communication Method	Contact Details	Timeframe
	(b) damages an aspect of the environment that is of a high conservation value, high cultural value or high community value or is of special significance;			
	(c) results or is likely to result in more than \$50,000 or the prescribed amount (whichever is greater) being spent in taking appropriate action to prevent or minimise the environmental harm or rehabilitate the environment; or			
	(d) results in actual or potential loss or damage to the value of more than \$50,000 or the prescribed amount (whichever is greater).			
	Pollution means:			
	A contaminant or waste that is emitted, discharged, deposited, or disturbed or that escapes, or			
	A contaminant, effect, or phenomenon, that is present in the environment as a consequence of an emission, discharge, deposition, escape or disturbance of a contaminant or waste.			
	Note: does not apply to incidents confined within petroleum activities land (including air and water above or below) – see the EMP for the area of petroleum activities land.			
Environmental Protection Act 2019	A proponent who has referred a proposed action to the NT EPA must give the NT EPA notice of any proposed significant variation to the proposed action	In writing	1800 064 567 NT EPA	As soon as practicable.
			ntepa@nt.gov.au	
Bushfire Management Act	If the owner or occupier of land is unable to control a fire on the land, the owner or occupier must take all reasonable	All reasonable	08 8973 8871	Following the fact.
2016	steps to notify the following of that fact:	steps	Bushfires NT	
	(a) a fire control officer or fire warden;		BushfiresNT.Katherine@nt.g	
	(b) the occupier of any land to which the fire is likely to spread or a person apparently over the age of 16 years present		ov.au	
	on that land.		Note: also required to notify landholder.	
Heritage Act 2011	A person commits an offence if the person:	In writing	08 8999 5039	As soon as
	(a) discovers a place or object the person knows is an Aboriginal or Macassan archaeological place or object; and		DTC - Heritage Branch	practicable (within 7
	(b) does not, as soon as practicable after the discovery, give the CEO a written report stating the following:		heritage@nt.gov.au	days of discovery).
	(i) a description of the place or object;			
	(ii) its location;			
	(iii) the person's name and address;			
	(iv) if known by the person – the name and address of the owner or occupier of the place or place where the object is located.			
Weeds Management Act	If the owner or occupier of the land becomes aware of the presence on the land of a declared weed that was not	Not specified	08 8999 4567	14 days of becoming
2013	previously present on the land – within 14 days after first becoming aware of the presence on the land of the declared		DEPWS – Weed	aware.
	weed, notify an officer of the presence of the declared weed.		Management Branch	
			weedinfo@nt.gov.au	
Transport of Dangerous	If a driver of a road vehicle transporting dangerous goods and the vehicle is involved in an incident resulting in a dangerous	Not specified.	The prime contractor for the	As soon as
Goods by Road and Rail	situation they must notify the prime contractor for the goods, the Competent Authority, and the police or fire service, of		goods, the Competent	practicable after the
(National Uniform Legislation)	the incident.		Authority, and the police or fire service.	incident.



Appendix 2: Site ERN Display Sheets

WELLSITE EMERGENCY RESPONSE NUMBERS (GENERAL) UHF CHANNEL:				AME landing location also known as: Tanumbirini Airstrip			
Carp	1 We	ellpad			AME landing area latitude:	16°27'00.00"S	
Wellpad latitude:					AME landing area longitude:	134°38'59.98"E	
Wellpad longitude:					Alternative Landing Location: Mo		
Medical Emergenc	v Priority	Contact Numb	ore		Making an emergency call provide the following information:		
Aero Medical Servi			015		information:		
Emergency Service					 Injury/illness details Location of pick-up (GPS coordinates, 	description of terrain	
inGauge Principal					- Contact person's name, Landline/Mobil Medevac request caller details:	e/Sat, Phone/Radio	
HSE Manager					- Patient name,		
Site Contact Detail	s				 DOB etc if know Stay on line until Instructed otherwise 		
On Site Represent	ative -			Alternative Contact	- Stay on the until instructed otherwise		
Compliance #1				details:			
On Site Represent	ative -			nGauge Brisbane Office #	1		
Compliance #2				iloauge brisballe office #			
	_			nGauge Brisbane Office #	2		
00	Contest			-			
	Contact	-			d (Office located on Carpentaria 2)	lor	
Darwin Hospital	(08) 8922	0000	From Darwi	Airport	From QLD Bord	ler	
Katherine Hospital	(08) 8973						
Borroloola Doctor Alt. Emergency #	(08) 8975 000	5 8757					
Fire Services Katherine:	(08) 8973	3 8014					
Fire Services Boorroloola:	0411 191	824					
Daly Waters Service Station	(08) 8975	5 9925					
Heartbreak Hotel	(08) 8975						
Katherine Ambulance	(08) 8972	2 8500					
			_				
			To Arrive at Carpentana T Weng	Мар			
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WELLSITE EMERG	SENCY RESPONSE NUM	IBERS (GENERAL)	UHF CHANNEL:	AME landing location also	mown as:	
		Tanumbirini Airstrip				
	ind 3 Wellpa	a		AME landing area latitude:	16*27'00.00"S	
Wellpad latitude: Wellpad longitude:				AME landing area longitude:	134*38'59.98"E	
	y Priority Contact Num	Alternative Landing Location: McArthur River Mine Making an emergency call provide the following				
	ices (AME): Care flight			information: - Injury/illness details		
Emergency Servic				 Location of pick-up (GPS coordinates, description of terrain 		
inGauge Principal	Engineer			 Contact person's name, Landline/Mobi Medevac request caller details: 	le/Sat, Phone/Radio	
HSE Manager	-			- Patient name, - DOB etc if know		
Site Contact Detail			Ni contra di secto sec	- Stay on line until Instructed otherwise		
On Site Represent Compliance #1	ative -		Alternative Contact details:			
On Site Represent	ative -					
Compliance #2			inGauge Brisbane Office #	1		
EPT Representativ	ve - SGS		inGauge Brisbane Office #	2		
	r Contacts			2 and 3 Camp and Wellpad		
Darwin Hospital	(08) 8922 8888	From Darw	vin Airport	From QLD Bord	ler	
Katherine Hospital	(08) 8973 9211					
Borroloola Doctor	(08) 8975 8757					
Alt. Emergency # Fire Services	000	-			-	
Katherine:	(08) 8973 8014					
Fire Services Boorroloola:	0411 191 824	_			_	
Daly Waters Service Station	(08) 8975 9925	-			_	
Heartbreak Hotel Katherine Ambulance	(08) 8975 9928 (08) 8972 8500	-			-	
Ratherine Amouance	(00) 0572 0500	F			-	
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WELLSITE EMERGENCY RESPONSE NUMBERS (GENERAL)				UHF CHANNEL:	AME landing location also known as: Tanumbirini Airstrip			
Carp 4 Wellpad					AME In	nding area latitude:	16"27'00.00"S	
Wellpad latitude:		onpuu				nding area longitude:	134"38'59.98"E	
Wellpad longitude:						Iternative Landing Location: Mo		
Medical Emergency Priority Contact Numbers Aero Medical Services (AME): Care flight Emergency Services inGauge Principal Engineer HSE Manager Site Contact Details			ers			Making an emergency call provide the following information: - Injury/filness details - Location of pick-up (GPS coordinates, description of terrain - Contact person's name, Landline/Mobile/Sat, Phone/Radio Medevac request caller details: - Patient name, - DOB etc if know		
On Site Represent				Alternative Contact	- Stay	on line until Instructed otherwise		
Compliance #1 On Site Representative - Compliance #2				details: inGauge Brisbane Office i inGauge Brisbane Office i				
Othe	r Contac	cts	Direct	ions to Carpentaria 4 Wello	ad (Offic	ce located on Carpentaria 2)		
Darwin Hospital		22 8888			(0111	,		
Katherine Hospital	(08) 89	73 9211						
Borroloola Doctor Alt. Emergency #	(08) 89 000	75 8757						
Fire Services Katherine: Fire Services	(08) 89 0411 19	73 8014						
Boorroloola: Daly Waters Service Station		75 9925						
Heartbreak Hotel	(08) 89	75 9928					-	
Katherine Ambulance	(00) 89	72 8500						
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